

CITY CALLED ON TO
FIGHT TUBERCULOSISPrivate Philanthropy Not Able
to Combat Disease, Says
Health Officer.

(Continued from First Page.)

supervising inspector, school nurses, and an increase in the number of medical and dental inspectors. It has been urged, too, that there be established in connection with the public school system clinics for the treatment of dental defects. These, however, it is believed, had better wait until the more urgent needs have been met.

Recommendation is made that an additional inspector be provided in the food inspection service, while restaurants and eating places require infrequent inspection, there is no one to declare that there have been under continual observation to prevent them from lapsing into unsanitary practices.

Referring to the pound service, which under the supervision of the Health Department, Dr. Woodward draws attention to the proclamation issued by the Commissioner, August 16, 1912, requiring all dogs running at large to be muzzled. "To make such a proclamation accomplish all that it should accomplish," he says, "it should be supplemented by legislation requiring all dogs to be kept strictly within the confines of the owners' premises between sunrise and sunset, whether muzzled or unmuzzled, unless actually in leash."

It is impracticable to impound dogs after dark, so long as a distinction has been made between muzzled and unmuzzled dogs, and apparently dogs are allowed to run at large at night in disregard of law in reliance upon this fact. Moreover, there should be a substantial increase in the pound force to enable it to discharge its duties when rabies is prevalent as it has been in recent years.

Asks Better Milk Control.

For the effective control of the milk supply, Dr. Woodward says, additional legislation should be enacted. Recommendations made that an additional assistant bacteriologist be appointed and that an appropriation be obtained for additional apparatus and traveling expenses. With a competent bacteriologist, properly instructed with respect to the economics of the dairy industry, much can be done, he says, to help the farmer into more profitable methods and establish a better understanding between the farmer and the Health Department.

C. J. KERR UNABLE
TO SEE PRESIDENT

Charles J. Kerr, civil governor of Vera Cruz for a few days, following the occupation of that port by the American forces, called this morning at the White House to lay before President Wilson a memorial regarding the Mexican situation.

He did not see the President, but was referred to Secretary of War Garrison. Mr. Kerr, who is a lawyer, was apparently disposed to question the wisdom of the Wilson policy in Mexico, but, nevertheless, refused to talk for publication. Assuming the attitude that he was willing to give the President the benefit of all he knew concerning the situation, Mr. Kerr declared he would keep his mouth closed.

"Although opposed to the present policy," he said, "I feel that, having served under the Government, I am not at liberty to discuss the situation, or, of course, if the President desired, to accept my offer to give information, I shall not feel at liberty to talk."

Mr. Kerr is a native of Chicago.

Norway's King Thanks
Wilson for Felicitations

President Wilson this morning received from Haakon VII, King of Norway, the following telegram, thanking the President for the latter's expressions of good will on the occasion of Norway's independence day celebration yesterday:

"I thank you Excellency very much for your very kind telegram, which my people appreciate very much, as we have so many Norwegian subjects at the same time, and so many Norwegian subjects at the same time, and so many Norwegian subjects at the same time."

HAARON.

The President's cablegram of congratulation was as follows:

"In the name of the Government and people of the United States I extend to the King of Norway the warmest and most cordial felicitations on the occasion of the centennial of the birth of your Majesty. The Government of the United States is keenly sensible of the cordial feeling harbored in your enlightened and progressive country toward the United States, and, assuring you of the desire and aim of this Government to reciprocate and foster that feeling, I avail myself of the opportunity to renew to your Majesty my personal good wishes for your continued welfare and happiness."

WOODROW WILSON.

Consul Lauds Huerta
As Strongest Mexican

Felicitating that Victoriano Huerta was the best man fitted for the presidency of Mexico and that sooner or later the United States will have to recognize him, Consul Alberto L. Sandoz, Mexican consul in this city, made the following statement last night:

The lecture was illustrated with maps of Mexico in support of the assertion that Huerta controlled more territory than either Villa or Carranza. The entire southern portion of Mexico was called "Huerta land."

"Mexican history shows clearly that the people are able to take care of themselves," declared the speaker. "If they were unable to hold on against the pressure of the majority, there is no other living man who can do any better."

"Huerta has been recognized as a leader of men ever since he attended the military college as a boy, and even then the students chose him as a president."

The speaker declared that Huerta was being made to work against an array of New York interests and the newspapers which they controlled, as well as against the rebel forces.

HOW HUERTISTAS DEFENDED TAMPICO



A FIELD GUN, MANNED BY FEDERALS,

At Tampico, Stationed at a Hole in the Wall of a House Made By a Rebel Shell, Typifies the Kind of Defense That Met the Constitutionalists When They Forced Their Way Into the City.

SUFFRAGISTS ASK
FOR SPECIAL RULEMaryland Delegation Told by
Chairman Henry That Cau-
cus Is Supreme.

Congressional legislation is absolutely controlled by the Democratic caucus, according to a statement attributed to Chairman Henry of the House Committee on Rules today by thirteen members of the Just Government League, a suffrage organization of Maryland.

These women descended in force upon Chairman Henry and demanded his support of a special rule to permit the consideration of the suffrage measure at this session.

Chairman Henry, they say, based his refusal on the grounds that the suffrage measure had been left out of the party legislative program by the recent caucus.

Miss L. C. Trax said:

"We in holding the Rules Committee responsible for the state of suffrage legislation. We will see that the responsibility is placed where it belongs at the next election."

Miss Anna Hockner, assistant chair of the Child Labor Bureau, of Maryland, asked Chairman Henry his position with reference to the caucus. "Would you, she said, 'sacrifice all personal opinion and conviction to the dictates of party?'"

Henry replied that he certainly would, that the decisions of the caucus were binding, and that party ruled. He added that the one way for the women to gain recognition is to get another Democratic caucus.

Others in the suffrage delegation were Mrs. George W. Latimer, of Baltimore; Mrs. B. J. Byrne, of the Howard County Suffrage League; Mrs. Howard Meyer; Miss Minnie Jackson, Miss Adeline Birch, Miss Margaret Soper, Mrs. Sophie Rogers, Mrs. C. J. Keller, and Mrs. C. E. Crumboltz, all of Baltimore; and Mrs. C. E. Dawson and Mrs. Minnie E. Brooks, of Chevy Chase.

REDFIELD DISMISSES
PUTNAM'S ACCUSER

As Strongest Mexican

William J. Le Varre, assistant superintendent of the life-saving station at Tomkinsville, N. Y., has been dismissed from the service by Secretary of Commerce Redfield. Le Varre recently made charges against Commissioner Putnam, of the Life-Saving Service, in which it was alleged that Putnam had been shown in the matter of granting contracts. An extended investigation was made by Secretary Redfield as a result. The dismissal of Le Varre sustains Commissioner Putnam in the defense he made to the charges made against his conduct.

Other changes in the personnel of the Department of Commerce announced today are as follows:

In the Coast and Geodetic Survey, temporary appointments, Richard L. Kenhardt, plate printer's helper at \$200, and Everett E. Murray, clerk of office, \$100 a month.

John J. Benedict is provisionally appointed as second assistant keeper of Fourteen Foot Bank Light Station, Delaware.

Murder of Soldier
May Yet Cause War

If the mediation proceedings, which open in Niagara Falls, Ontario, Wednesday, fail, it is expected the death of Private Parks, the demented soldier, who rode through the Mexican lines and is reported to have been murdered by Maas' men, may be made the basis of a formal declaration of war on Mexico.

The United States demands the production of Parks' body, and the immediate punishment of every person responsible for his execution. Huerta has been called upon for a full explanation of the incident, which the United States characterizes as an act of hostility.

The note already sent to Huerta regarding Parks' body practically amounts to an ultimatum. Huerta has responded, but no definite action has yet been taken.

TO HOLD CASE IN RESERVE.

Notwithstanding the warlike character of the note sent the Mexican dictator, it is understood that the Government will not let that incident interfere with any prospect of settlement of the Mexican situation through mediation. The Parks' case of complaint will be held in reserve as a ground for action in the event of failure of the Niagara Falls conference.

Another cargo of German arms and ammunition consigned to General Huerta was due at Puerto Mexico today. It is understood that the Government will not let that incident interfere with any prospect of settlement of the Mexican situation through mediation. The Parks' case of complaint will be held in reserve as a ground for action in the event of failure of the Niagara Falls conference.

Another cargo of German arms and ammunition consigned to General Huerta was due at Puerto Mexico today. It is understood that the Government will not let that incident interfere with any prospect of settlement of the Mexican situation through mediation. The Parks' case of complaint will be held in reserve as a ground for action in the event of failure of the Niagara Falls conference.

RYAN FEARS DEATH
IF HE TELLS TRUTH

Admitting that he is in fear of his life, Dr. E. Ryan, recently held captive for two weeks by Mexican federalists, declined today to give more than a mere outline of his capture.

Ryan has told part of his story of torture to Secretary of State Bryan, his personal friend. The remainder he will tell this afternoon and then repeat it directly to President Wilson.

The outcome of these conferences, the doctor admitted, might have the effect of lifting the ban of silence as to his treatment, which the federalists placed upon him under penalty of death.

The doctor said after his interview with Bryan:

"I am afraid for my life if I break this promise now. I hope to go back to Mexico, but I do not know just when."

Swift & Company's sales of beef in Washington, D. C., for the week ending Saturday last, averaged an following: Domestic beef, 12.75 cents; imported beef, 10.00 cents per pound. Advt.

CAPITAL BANKERS
MEET AT RICHMOND

RICHMOND, Va., May 18.—At a conference held at the Jefferson Hotel this morning, representatives of fourteen of the fifteen banking institutions of Washington which are to become members of the Federal reserve bank of Richmond determined to work harmoniously and as a unit in their effort to have a Washington banker placed upon the directorate of the regional bank.

The selection of the individual whom the Washingtonian will endorse, however, was postponed for determination at a later meeting. The supporters of the various candidates, including Tucker K. Sands, the candidates over whom the bankers split at a recent meeting in their home city are still working hard to gain the support for their respective champions, or the introduction of a large personal acquaintance among the bankers throughout the South.

The Washington bankers assembled here today to take part in the general conference of representatives of all the member banks of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond. A. H. Reitz, of Charleston, S. C., was selected as chairman of the meeting.

The business before the conference is to determine the manner of selection of directors by the method of nominating and electing the directors of the reserve bank. Practically every bank of the district was represented when the meeting was called to order.

Hay's Hair Health

Restores Grey Hair to
its Natural Color.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Naon First Mediator
To Reach Niagara Falls

BUFFALO, May 18.—The first of the South American mediators to go to Niagara Falls for the meeting on Wednesday was Tommaso S. Naon, Argentine mediator, who left Buffalo by automobile today with his wife, Mrs. Naon, and Robert F. Ross, of the State Department. He was due to reach there Saturday.

Hay's Hair Health

Restores Grey Hair to
its Natural Color.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Naon First Mediator
To Reach Niagara Falls

BUFFALO, May 18.—The first of the South American mediators to go to Niagara Falls for the meeting on Wednesday was Tommaso S. Naon, Argentine mediator, who left Buffalo by automobile today with his wife, Mrs. Naon, and Robert F. Ross, of the State Department. He was due to reach there Saturday.

DESROYED NOTES
OF HEARING READCourt Reporter Testifies Wright
Asked to See Transcript of
His Charge to Jury.

(Continued from First Page.)

this up a good deal and instructed me to put it as changed in the record."

"I have an indistinct recollection of saying something like that."

"Do you recall saying you might 'get in bad' with the court otherwise?"

"I do not recall saying that either in substance or in words."

The witness said Mr. Easby-Smith wanted to keep both the original transcript and the modified copy of the charge and he had done so.

"What were you to do with the changed copy?"

"Put it in the record."

Attorney Darlington asked if the witness heard by the word "record," the "transcript."

"Yes," said Mr. Mitchell.

"Can you state Justice Wright's language?"

"As I have said, I don't know whether he asked to see the charge 'when written up' or 'when delivered' or 'before delivered.'"

"Was there any injunction of secrecy on Justice Wright's part?"

"Absolutely not."

"Everything Above Board."

"Everything was open and above board."

"Absolutely. Yes."

"That did you have to do with the record?"

"Just to give it to counsel. If I remember, I put both charges in."

"Is it usual for judges to call for transcripts of their charges?" asked Mr. McCoy.

"I have had them do so several times, although I would not call it usual. I have there been changes in them before."

"Not that I call to mind now."

"You have talked with anybody about the case?" asked Mr. Darlington.

"I think I talked with Mr. Easby-Smith about the transcript Friday afternoon. I talked to him about two minutes."

"You have talked to nobody on this side."

"No."

Mr. Mitchell said he did not recall, from an examination of his records, that he had ever taken an affidavit in the Finley divorce case, but when Mr. McCoy produced the turn-up notes, he recalled that he had taken testimony in Justice Wright's chambers in May, 1911, when Finley, Ambrose, Easby-Smith, and Macdonald were present. He read from the testimony of Easby-Smith regarding a conversation he had had with Finley, this conversation already having figured in the investigation.

In this Mr. Easby-Smith quoted Finley as saying that Ambrose had urged him to go ahead with his original plan to sue his wife, and that "it is my fault, I put my head in the noose against your advice."

Finley Affidavit.

This was in reference to the prior affidavit of Finley that Ambrose had been a party to the collusion, wherein it was charged that Ambrose agreed, as Finley's attorney, to have his own client furnish the evidence upon which the wife could get a divorce.

Ambrose's testimony before Justice Wright then reads: Ambrose, after talking conversation with his client and saying that he had urged him to go ahead with his divorce plan, and that he was "some sort of a fool," so as to let the wife get the divorce for the sake of her folks. Ambrose denied that he had furnished any evidence to Attorney Colbert, representing Mrs. Finley, or that he had supplied evidence to the court in the divorce case obtained by Mrs. Finley against Ambrose's client. In short, Ambrose refuted all suggestions of collusion agreement.

When the reading of the patched-up note had been completed, Mr. McCoy suggested that the note be transcribed for the record and the committee took recess until 2 o'clock to give Mr. Mitchell time to have the note written. Attorney Ambrose himself was in the committee room waiting to see his client, but he understood he would take the stand today.

Mexico City Denies
Gen. Huerta Is IllReports That Dictator Is Sick Are Declared to Be
Unfounded—Sunday Spent Quietly by Residents in Capital—12,000 at Bull Fight for Beginners.

MEXICO CITY, May 18.—Stories circulated at Vera Cruz and in the United States that Huerta is in ill health are absolutely without foundation.

Sunday passed quietly and uneventfully here. The fine morning weather invited many out into the country, and, though in the afternoon the sky was overcast and temperature chilly, about 12,000 persons attended a bull fight given by beginners in the art.

The influx of wounded from the front has presented a serious problem. Hospitals are overcrowded. Most of the men are in woeful condition, their wounds having become infected through lack of sanitary provisions.

Huerta continues to move about the cafes and shows, little affected by the strain under which he has been laboring. The people are in dread of an advance upon the city by Zapata and his bandits, although there is no evidence that such a movement is imminent.

The papers in the city continue to publish stories of excesses and outrages committed by the Americans at Vera Cruz. Sodom and Gomorrah are declared to have been spotted towns compared with what the Americans have made of Vera Cruz.

No word of the fall of Tampico has been published in the capital, and the impression still prevails there that the Americans lost 500 men in the taking of Vera Cruz, and were so crippled that they could not advance further.

FEDERAL TROOPS MUTINY.

The rumors of a mutiny of the federal garrison at Guadaluajara, which were circulated here Friday, and were denied by War Minister Blanquet, were due to confused telegraphic reports which had reached the capital of the defection of Brig. Juan Solares' troops in the territory of Tepic.

Solares was in command of a force of Juchiteco Indians from the town of Juchitepec, in the state of Oaxaca, who had rendered good service in the territory of Tepic under Gen. Rodrigo Paliza. Paliza had occasion to come to this capital, and Brigadier Solares, who is in temporary command of the Juchitecos at Asaponeta, Tepic.

It was then that Solares' defection took place, in which it appears the Juchitecos refused to second him. He then told them that they only were asked to join the rebels for purposes of fighting invaders. By this argument he prevailed on them, and the rebels were sent to Hermosillo, capital of the state of Sonora, and confined in a prison, from which it is reported here a considerable number escaped.

According to the account, the rebels, not trusting Solares, either executed or imprisoned him. The broad fact of Solares' defection is confirmed by War Minister Blanquet, and it is understood that in the general order of the day Solares will be declared dishonorably discharged from the army.

El Imparcial, the most respected of an outright statement, respecting the evacuation of Tampico by federalists under Gen. Linares, who is in command of the federal forces in the territory of the Federal reserve bank of Richmond determined to work harmoniously and as a unit in their effort to have a Washington banker placed upon the directorate of the regional bank.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 YearsAlways bears
the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Hatcher*YALE LAUNDRY'S
NEW PROCESSTry our new process of laundering
clothes, cuffs, and shirts.

Cold Starch Method

This prevents breaking of collars,
cuffs, neckbands, and buttonholes.All shirts finished entirely by
HAND. All flannels, ladies' clothes,
hose, and socks washed and ironed
by HAND. All colored goods laundered
at our RISK. No advance in prices.YALE LAUNDRY'S
NEW PROCESSTry our new process of laundering
clothes, cuffs, and shirts.

Cold Starch Method

This prevents breaking of collars,
cuffs, neckbands, and buttonholes.All shirts finished entirely by
HAND. All flannels, ladies' clothes,
hose, and socks washed and ironed
by HAND. All colored goods laundered
at our RISK. No advance in prices.YALE LAUNDRY'S
NEW PROCESSTry our new process of laundering
clothes, cuffs, and shirts.

Cold Starch Method

This prevents breaking of collars,
cuffs, neckbands, and buttonholes.All shirts finished entirely by
HAND. All flannels, ladies' clothes,
hose, and socks washed and ironed
by HAND. All colored goods laundered
at our RISK. No advance in prices.TRUNDLE TOLD TO
CITE FACTS ONLYCongressman Thomson, of Probe
Committee in Health Dept.
Case, Checks Witness.

That an airing of any ill feeling between A. S. Trundle and officers of the District Health Department will not take any further time of the House subcommittee hearing the charges of mismanagement against the District Health Department, was made plain today when Congressman Thomson demanded that Mr. Trundle confine himself to facts and cease arguing.

"You have been on the stand three days," said Congressman Thomson, "and I confess I am weary in my mind about the facts. There evidently is feeling between you and the Health Department, but we can not spend time investigating the merits of that. We must have facts."

Mr. Trundle charged that Dr. Woodward, head of the department, had made "wilful misstatements of facts or statements that mathematically were not so" in referring to tuberculosis cattle in the District.

Mr. Trundle, who was the only witness heard today, took up the latter portion of eleven specific charges of incompetency against Health Officer Woodward. He declared that at present the city is getting the poorest quality of milk it ever received, and he read numerous explanations made by Dr. Woodward with reference to the assumption that the killing of tuberculosis cattle is not an economic burden.

Fluid in Insect Spray
Proves Fatal to Farmer

NEW YORK, May 18.—James Wickham, a well-known farmer of Dutchess Co., N. Y., died of blood poisoning as the result of having accidentally injected some bug-killing fluid into his thumb while spraying plants a week ago.

Physicians sought unavailingly to prevent the spread of the poison through his system. Wickham was fifty-five years old, and leaves a widow and children.

Studebaker
SIX

\$1575

It is one reason why
owners in Washington
and everywhere else are
satisfied.Our engineers design for
economy of operation.They build light—but strong
—for economy of operation.The small bore (3½ inch) and
long stroke (5-inch) motor
is the accepted European
and American standard for
smoothness, fuel economy
and power.It consumes less gasoline than
"Four" of larger size.Tires, too, are saved by light
weight.Perfect balance makes the car
hold the road behind as well
as in front.You won't find among com-
peting "Sixes," a "Four" of
equal power, a car so
light, so economical on tires,
gasoline and general wear
and tear.

F. O. B. Detroit.

FOUR Touring Car \$1050

SIX Touring Car \$1575

SIX Landau-
Roadster \$1800

SIX Sedan \$1250

SIX Coupe \$1290

SIX Coupe \$1850

SIX-Passenger SIX \$1550

Commercial Automobile &
Supply Co.

819 14th St. N. W. Phone Main 2171.

Buy It Because It's a Studebaker

The Berlitz School
of LanguagesInformation regarding any of
the below schools may be had at
the EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION
BUREAU OF THE WASHINGTON
TIMES.

HALL-NOYES SCHOOL

Principal 11 years' teaching Central Isl. S.
Coaching for all city high schools, colleges,
and universities. 1200 14th St. N. W.
Phone Main 2877. 221 E. St. N. W.

Mrs. Emily Frech Barnes,

SINGING AND ELUCIDATION
140 14th St. N. W. Phone Main 1108.